Sex & Relationship Education Policy



Last Reviewed by:	Jude Hickey
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Definition

Sex and relationships education is learning about the emotional, social and physical aspects of growing up, relationships, sex, human sexuality and sexual health. Some aspects are taught in science, and others are taught as part of relationships, social, health and economic education (RSHE). A comprehensive programme of RSE provides accurate information about the body, reproduction, sex, and sexual health. It also gives children and young people essential skills for building positive, enjoyable, respectful and non-exploitative relationships and staying safe both on and offline (21st Century Guidance 2014).

Legal Requirements:

As a maintained secondary SEND school, we must provide RSE to all pupils under the Children and Social Work Act 2017.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to guidance issued by the secretary of state, as outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

We must also have regard to our legal duties set out in:

- Sections 406 and 407 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 6, chapter 1 of the Equality Act 2010
- The Public Sector Equality Duty (as set out in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010).

This duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different people when carrying out their activities

At Highfield School, we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

Aims

The aim of RSE is to equip children and young people with the information, skills and values to have safe, fulfilling and enjoyable relationships, and to take responsibility for their sexual health and wellbeing.

Effective RSE can make a significant contribution to the development of the personal skills needed by students if they are to establish and maintain relationships. It also enables young people to make responsible and informed decisions about their health and wellbeing.

Effective RSE is essential if young people are to make responsible and well informed decisions about their lives. It helps support young people through their physical, emotional and moral development. It helps young people learn to respect themselves and others and move with confidence from childhood through adolescence into adulthood.

At Highfield School we aim:

- to provide knowledge and information to which all students are entitled;
- to clarify/reinforce knowledge students have already acquired;
- to raise students' self-esteem and confidence, especially in their relationships with others;
- to help students to understand their sexual feelings and behaviour;

- to develop skills (language, decision making, choice, assertiveness) which are necessary in a range of situations;
- to promote acceptable and appropriate behaviour in public and private situations:
- to give practice of strategies which reduce the risk of exploitation, misunderstanding and abuse;
- to provide the confidence to be an active member of society;
- to support access to information and facilities.

Sex education and the school ethos

We believe that learning about their own sexual development, together with an awareness of their relationships with others, can greatly enhance the student's ability to lead their lives competently and with fulfilment. We also expect other learning outcomes to be enhanced by the increased self-esteem and confidence that a good sex education programme can bring about. At Highfield we value all staff and students as individuals worthy of dignity and respect.

Global Statement

Specific guidance documents on which the policy has drawn – key reference documents:

- Sex and relationship Guidance (SRE) for the 21st Century: Supplementary advice to the Sex and

Relationship Education Guidance DfEE (0116/2000).

- Multi-agency practice guidelines: Female Genital Mutilation (2014).
- DCSF Sex and Relationships Guidance (0116/2000).
- The Equality Act 2010 and schools (DfE 2014b).
- Keeping Children Safe in Education, 2014a).

Highfield School will follow best practice by ensuring that the personal beliefs and attitudes of teachers will not

influence their teaching of RSE lessons

The values of the sex education programme

We believe that the basis of moral behaviour is that each of us feels valued for what we are, and of worth to others. Our students, with a variety of needs and from a range of backgrounds, need first to experience self-esteem before they can form satisfying relationships with others. Our aim is to give our students the skills to conduct loving and caring relationships with dignity and assertiveness and to avoid being exploited.

The biological elements of sex education, including naming body parts, puberty and human development, are part of the National Curriculum Science programme, and are compulsory.

The organisation of sex education

It is a legal requirement that students in maintained secondary schools, receive a compulsory programme of sex education. A basic programme of sex education and

personal development is a part of every child's entitlement in Highfield School from 11-16, planned according to individual and group needs and development.

It will be taught by class teachers, who may decide to work on a team-teaching basis. There will be times when students will be grouped according to their development and maturity, and if deemed necessary, their gender. No teacher will be expected to undertake specific sex education teaching without the support of colleagues in the school, or attendance at training courses as necessary.

We expect non-teaching staff who have much experience of the students, to be involved in planning, participation and evaluation of classroom work, although the overall responsibility rests with the teaching staff.

We intend that all students should experience a programme of sex education and personal development at a level that is commensurate with their age and physical development, whilst taking into accountcognitive development. We are aware that such a programme can successfully follow the outline given below for almost all students.

Staff will decide the most effective methods to use in the classroom. We know that learning about personal matters is increased if students work in a supportive group where they feel safe.

In the formal curriculum for KS3&4, the following themes are covered;

RSHE EDUCATION: LONG-TERM OVERVIEW								
•	Autumn 1 Self Awareness	Autumn 2 Self care, Support &	Spring 1 Managing Feelings	Spring 2 Changing & Growing	Summer 1 Healthy Lifestyle	Summer 2 The World I Live In		
	Sell Awareness	Sen care, support a Safety	Managing reenings	Changing & Growing	Healthy Litestyle	THE WORLD LIVE IN		
:	Things we are good at Kind & unkind behaviours	Taking care of ourselves Feeling unwell, frightened or worried	Identifying & expressing feelings	Baby to adult Changes at puberty	Healthy eating Taking care of physical health	Respecting differences between people Jobs people do		
;	Playing & working together People who are special to us	Trust Public & private	Managing strong feelings	Dealing with touch Different types of relationships	Keeping well Mental wellbeing	Rules & laws Taking care of the environment		
:	Getting on with others Personal strengths	Keeping safe online Accidents & risk	Self-esteem & unkind comments	Puberty Friendships	Healthy Lifestyles	Belonging to a community Diversity/rights and responsibilities		
;	Transition to KS4 Skills for learning	Emergency situations Keeping safe	Romantic feelings & sexual attraction	Healthy & unhealthy relationship behaviour	Body image Medicinal drugs	Manging online information Preparation for adulthood		
77	Prejudice & discrimination Managing pressure	Public & private Keeping safe online	Expectations of relationships/abuse	Intimate relationships, consent & contraception Long term relationships/parenthood	Drugs, alcohol & tobacco Mental health	Manging finances Preparation for adulthood		

Sex Education elements are also delivered through the outside provider STRIDE on a termly basis. Students are given the opportunity to explore and consolidate learning through drama and role play.

Safeguarding:

Some issues may result in children and young people making disclosures which will be addressed in line with school safeguarding policy and procedures.

RSE plays a very important part in fulfilling the statutory duties all schools have to meet. SRE helps children understand the difference between safe and abusive relationships and equips them with the skills to get help if they need it. Statefunded schools have responsibilities for safeguarding and a legal duty to promote pupil well-being.

Staff will follow school's policy with regard to confidentiality. Pupils should also be made aware of the boundaries of confidentiality should they choose to make a disclosure to a member of staff.

A member of staff cannot promise confidentiality if concerns exist.

Our policy on specific matters

HIV and Aids

We aim to prepare our students for as much independence as possible. In this context, we expect students to learn that condom use is normal behaviour in a physical sexual encounter. A further stage would be to explain that infection may be passed on when a condom is not used. Students may ask questions about AIDS in any context: the aims will be to answer honestly to the extent the student can understand; to reassure and alleviate any anxiety; and to counteract any prejudice expressed.

Resources

The most valuable resource in the education of our students is to be found in the understanding, experience, skills and creativity of our staff, teaching and non-teaching. We also appreciate that many everyday objects and opportunities can be used in the teaching programme. However, to avoid confusing students, some explicit resources will be needed: slides and other illustrative material; cut-outs of bodies and body parts; and anatomically correct models.

Guidelines for all staff and adults working with students in the context of personal care and development

- treat every student as an individual, with dignity and respect;
- relate our language and behaviour to the developmental age of the student;
- reinforce the 'private' concept in all situations; avoid touching 'private' areas of students' bodies unless this is for a medical/care reason;
- encourage older students in age appropriate behaviour and point out why, when discouraging inappropriate behaviour;
- personal care to be carried out by an adult of the same sex as the student
- in all situations, formal and informal, we are all expected to follow the language and approaches we have identified in this policy.

A partnership with parents

We place the utmost importance on sharing equal and joint responsibility with parents for their children's education and sexual matters. We will do our best to find out from them any religious or cultural views they may have which may affect the sex education they wish to be given to their children, although we would consider carefully any request which compromised our equal opportunities policy.

We are aware that some parents find it hard to cope with their children's sexual development and are happy for the school to take the initiative.

We will take every opportunity to inform and involve parents and carers:

- by making our commitment clear in the school prospectus;
- by reporting on sex education in the annual Report to parents;
- by placing sex education on the agenda at the Annual Meeting;
- by inviting parents to discuss personal development when their child enters school

Staff are willing to discuss with parents any matters which they are concerned about. It is important that there is no conflict of information given to the students.

Parents' right to withdraw their children from sex education.

By working with parents in these ways, our experience has shown that we can convince them of the value of sex education for their children. We are optimistic that this situation will continue.

Parents have the right to withdraw their child from the non statutory/non science components of sex education within RSHE. If a parent wishes to withdraw a child, they are asked to discuss it with the Headteacher. We would like to make it clear that if students who are withdrawn from sex education lessons ask questions at other times, these questions will be answered honestly by staff.

Monitoring the sex education policy and programme

The school will need to assess how effective are the aims, content and methods in promoting students' learning. Feedback from staff, parents and students will help to judge this.

Highfield School Sex Education Policy

A summary for parents

Highfield School believes that sex education is part of the educational entitlement of all pupils. All young people, whatever their ability, develop physically and emotionally, and need to be helped to understand their bodies and their feelings. Sex education helps our students' overall development, confidence and self-esteem.

The law now says that a compulsory programme of sex education including teaching about HIV and AIDS and other STDs must be provided for all pupils of secondary age (11+), whatever type of school they attend. This law also gives parents the right to withdraw their children from sex education at any age, except those parts which are in the National Curriculum Science syllabus.

The sex education programme we offer at Highfield School has been carefully planned to take account of students' age, maturity and physical development. It will develop slowly throughout the time young people are in school using well-proven methods, which allow time for repetition, practice of relevant skills, and reflection. It will be fully and constantly evaluated.

Who will teach it?

The programme will be taught by class teachers, sometimes working together, and with support staff. (Input will be provided as appropriate by the School nurse and by Wakefield Young Peoples' Service.) Students will sometimes be taught in separate gender groups, or in small groups according to their maturity and understanding.

Working closely with parents

Parents are invited to meet with school where they can discuss with staff any anxieties they may have about their child's growth and physical development. (This will be part of the Annual Review meeting.)

Additionally, parents will be welcome to come to school at any time to discuss any of these matters with the Headteacher.